



Morocco eVisa Rules Guide

A plain-English summary of who can apply, what to prepare, what it costs and what to expect at the border.

Updated 15 October 2026

At a glance

What it is	An electronic visa for one person, requested online, for tourism or business trips
Entries	One
Longest stay	30 days
Validity	Up to 180 days from the date it is issued
Government fee	770 MAD standard · 1,100 MAD express
Processing	3 business days standard · 1 business day express (Moroccan working days)
Passport	Ordinary passport, valid for at least 90 days from the day you apply

Who can apply

The eVisa is for travellers who would otherwise need a visa for Morocco. Meeting any one of these three routes is enough.

Route A: your nationality

Holders of an ordinary passport from one of these countries can apply with their passport alone:

Benin · Brunei Darussalam · Cambodia · Guatemala · India · Israel · Jordan · Laos · Thailand · Vietnam

Route B: where you live

Visa-required travellers who live in one of these places and hold a residence card or permit that is still valid for at least 180 days on the day they apply:

European Union member states · United States · United Kingdom · Canada · Australia · Japan · Norway · New Zealand · Switzerland · United Arab Emirates

Route C: a visa you already hold

Visa-required travellers holding a multiple-entry visa (not an electronic one) that is still valid for at least 90 days, issued by:

Schengen area · United States · United Kingdom · Ireland · Canada · Australia · Japan · Norway · New Zealand

Receipts for a pending card, renewal or extension, special certificates, work permits and circulation documents do not count as a residence permit.

Azerbaijan also appears in Category A of the 2024 eVisa terms, but on 15 October 2026 the official eligibility checker told Azerbaijani ordinary-passport holders that they need neither a visa nor an AEVM.

What the eVisa does not cover

- Trips for any purpose other than tourism or business.
- An eVisa cannot be used to apply for residency in Morocco.
- Diplomatic, service and special passports, refugee or stateless travel documents and other travel documents. Holders apply through a Moroccan embassy or consulate instead.
- Adding stays together: with more than one eVisa you must leave Morocco at the end of the first stay before starting another.

Documents to prepare

Document	Who needs it
Recent colour photo, 35 × 45 mm, no older than 6 months, face clearly visible (ICAO standard)	Everyone
Colour copy of the passport pages showing your identity and the expiry date	Everyone
Colour copy of both sides of your residence card or permit	Route B
Colour copy of your multiple-entry visa	Route C
Proof of why you are travelling: an invitation from a company or event organiser, or a recommendation from a ministry or professional chamber	Business trips

Upload each file as JPG, JPEG or PDF, no larger than 1 MB. Type every name, date and document number exactly as it appears on your documents.

Fees and processing

	Standard	Express
Government fee	770 MAD	1,100 MAD
Processing time	3 business days	1 business day

- Processing times are counted in Moroccan working days.
- They do not apply to incomplete applications or applications with false information.
- Once the application is submitted and the government fee is paid, it cannot be cancelled and that fee is not refunded.

Application steps

1. **Check eligibility.** Confirm that your nationality, country of residence or an existing visa makes you eligible.
2. **Complete the application.** Copy the details exactly as they appear on your passport, residence card or visa.
3. **Attach documents.** Upload your photo, passport copy and any supporting documents for your category.

4. **Validate and pay.** Check everything carefully before validating — paid applications cannot be cancelled or refunded.

5. **Track your application.** Follow the status of the file: in process, waiting to be completed, or refused.

Possible statuses: **in process**, **waiting to be completed** (something must be added or corrected) and **refused**.

Children and families

- Every traveller, including each child, needs their own eVisa.
- Children under 18 may enter Morocco on an eVisa only together with a parent or legal representative.
- Families and groups can put all their applications in one file so they are processed together.

At the border

Keep the eVisa with your passport: you may be asked for it when boarding, on arrival and during your stay. Officers may also ask for:

- The residence card or visa used for the application (Categories B and C)
- A return ticket
- Proof of funds — an international bank card, or cash equivalent to more than €70 per person per day of stay
- Medical and repatriation insurance covering the stay

An eVisa does not guarantee entry. Border officers can refuse entry to travellers who do not meet the conditions or cannot show the evidence requested.

Travel authorisation (AEVM)

The AEVM is a separate online authorisation for certain nationalities that do not need a visa. On 15 October 2026, holders of ordinary passports from Ecuador, Ghana, Guinea, Republic of the Congo were directed to request one.

Who does not need it

- Holders of a valid Moroccan residence permit.
- Travellers in transit through Morocco who do not leave the airport or port.
- Nationals married to a Moroccan citizen, who must carry supporting documents when they arrive.

Documents

- Identity photo
- Identity card or residence card
- Passport identity page

This summary reflects official Moroccan government information as it stood on 15 October 2026. Entry rules can change at any time; check them shortly before you travel. Apply Morocco eVisa is an independent service and is not affiliated with the Government of Morocco. · applymoroccoevisa.com